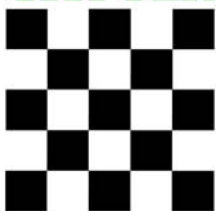


PRODUCT NAME: 5-10% CARBON DIOXIDE IN ARGON

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification



AS PACKAGED
AND DISTRIBUTED
BY



INDIANA OXYGEN COMPANY
6099 WEST CORPORATE WAY
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46278
PHONE 1-317-290-0003

Emergency Contact: Infotrak
1-800-535-5053

PRODUCT NAME: 5-10% Carbon Dioxide in Argon
CHEMICAL NAME: Carbon Dioxide (5-10%) in Argon (90-100%)
COMMON NAMES/SYNONYMS: Not Available
TDG (Canada) CLASSIFICATION: 2.2
WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: A

PREPARED BY: Loss Control (908)464-8100/(905)501-1700
PREPARATION DATE: 6/1/95
REVIEW DATES: 12/1/99

2. Composition, Information on Ingredients

EXPOSURE LIMITS¹:

INGREDIENT	% VOLUME	PEL-OSHA ²	TLV-ACGIH ³	LD ₅₀ or LC ₅₀ Route/Species
Carbon Dioxide FORMULA: CO ₂ CAS: 124-38-9 RTECS #: FF6400000	5-10	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA 30,000 ppm STEL	Not Available
Argon FORMULA: Ar CAS: 7440-37-1 RTECS #: CF2300000	90-100	Simple Asphyxiant	Simple Asphyxiant	Not Available

¹ Refer to individual state or provincial regulations, as applicable, for limits which may be more stringent than those listed here.

² As stated in 29 CFR 1910, Subpart Z (revised July 1, 1993)

³ As stated in the ACGIH 1999-2000 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents.

OSHA Regulatory Status: This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

3. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odorless colorless nonflammable gas. This product does not contain oxygen. Release of this product in a confined area may displace atmospheric oxygen causing suffocation. High concentrations of carbon dioxide exposure can cause nausea and respiratory problems. Maintain atmospheric oxygen levels above 19.5%. Contents under pressure. Use and store below 125 °F.

PRODUCT NAME: 5-10% CARBON DIOXIDE IN ARGON

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

Skin Contact No	Skin Absorption No	Eye Contact No	Inhalation Yes	Ingestion No
--------------------	-----------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-----------------

HEALTH EFFECTS:

Exposure Limits Yes	Irritant No	Sensitization No
Teratogen No	Reproductive Hazard No	Mutagen No
Synergistic Effects None reported		

Carcinogenicity: -- NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No

EYE EFFECTS:

None known.

SKIN EFFECTS:

None known.

INGESTION EFFECTS:

None known.

INHALATION EFFECTS:

Argon is a simple asphyxiant. Effects of oxygen deficiency resulting from simple asphyxiants may include: rapid breathing, diminished mental alertness, impaired muscular coordination, faulty judgment, depression of all sensations, emotional instability, and fatigue. As asphyxiation progresses, nausea, vomiting, prostration, and loss of consciousness may result, eventually leading to convulsions, coma, and death.

High concentrations of carbon dioxide may cause cerebral vasodilation resulting in circulatory insufficiency leading to coma and death. Asphyxiation may occur before the effects of carbon dioxide overexposure. Chronic, harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of low concentrations.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: None known.

NFPA HAZARD CODES

Health: 0
Flammability: 0
Instability: 0

HMIS HAZARD CODES

Health: 0
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0

RATINGS SYSTEM

0 = No Hazard
1 = Slight Hazard
2 = Moderate Hazard
3 = Serious Hazard
4 = Severe Hazard

4. First Aid Measures

EYES:

None required.

SKIN:

None required.

MSDS: G-411

Revised: 1/27/00

PRODUCT NAME: 5-10% CARBON DIOXIDE IN ARGON

INGESTION:

None required.

INHALATION:

PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area, given mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Conditions of Flammability: Not flammable		
Flash point: None	Method: Not Applicable	Autoignition Temperature: None
LEL(%): None	UEL(%): None	
Hazardous combustion products: None		
Sensitivity to mechanical shock: None		
Sensitivity to static discharge: None		

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Nonflammable. Cylinder may rupture violently from pressure when involved in a fire situation.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use media appropriate for surrounding materials.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Firefighters should wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full turnout gear. Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until well after flames are extinguished.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Evacuate all personnel from affected area. Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number listed in Section 1 or call your closest BOC location.

7. Handling and Storage

Electrical Classification:

Non-Hazardous.

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Valve protection caps must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder.

MSDS: G-411

Revised: 1/27/00

Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the system. Protect cylinders from physical damage.

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 125°F (52°C). Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders being stored for excessive periods of time.

Never carry a compressed gas cylinder or a container of a gas in cryogenic liquid form in an enclosed space such as a car trunk, van or station wagon. A leak can result in a fire, explosion, asphyxiation or a toxic exposure.

For further recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet P-1.

8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

IDLH (Carbon Dioxide): 40,000 ppm

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use local exhaust to maintain the oxygen level in the air to greater than 19.5% and the carbon dioxide concentration below the exposure limit.

EYE/FACE PROTECTION:

Safety goggles or glasses as appropriate for the job.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Protective gloves as appropriate for the job.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Positive pressure air line with full-face mask and escape bottle or self-contained breathing apparatus should be available for emergency use.

OTHER/GENERAL PROTECTION:

Safety shoes.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

PARAMETER	VALUE	UNITS
Physical state (gas, liquid, solid)	: Gas	
Vapor pressure	: Not Available	
Vapor density (Air = 1)	: Not Available	
Evaporation point	: Not Available	
Boiling point	: Not Available	
Freezing point	: Not Available	
pH	: Not Available	
Specific gravity	: Not Available	
Oil/water partition coefficient	: Not Available	
Solubility (H ₂ O)	: Slightly soluble	
Odor threshold	: Not Applicable	
Odor and appearance	: A colorless, odorless gas.	

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY:

Stable

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon dioxide forms carbonic acid in the presence of water or moisture.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

REPRODUCTIVE:

Oxygen deficiency during pregnancy has produced developmental abnormalities in humans and experimental animals.

Exposure of female rats to 60,000 ppm carbon dioxide for 24 hours has produced toxic effects to the embryo and fetus in pregnant rats. Toxic effects to the reproductive system have been observed in other mammalian species at similar concentrations.

12. Ecological Information

No data given.

13. Disposal Considerations

PRODUCT NAME: 5-10% CARBON DIOXIDE IN ARGON

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED, WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to BOC Gases or authorized distributor for proper disposal.

14. Transport Information

PARAMETER	United States DOT	Canada TDG
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Compressed gases, n.o.s. (Carbon Dioxide, Argon)	Compressed gases, n.o.s.
HAZARD CLASS:	2.2	2.2
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:	UN 1956	UN 1956
SHIPPING LABEL:	NONFLAMMABLE GAS	NONFLAMMABLE GAS

15. Regulatory Information

SARA TITLE III NOTIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION

SARA 313: This product does not contain ingredients subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

SARA TITLE III - HAZARD CLASSES:

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

16. Other Information

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
DOT	Department of Transportation
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Compressed gas cylinders shall not be refilled without the express written permission of the owner. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with his/her (written) consent is a violation of transportation regulations.

DISCLAIMER OF EXPRESSED AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES:

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequences of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).